STORMWATER REPORT

649 Main Street

Common Driveway

BOLTON, MASSACHUSETTS



Prepared For:

PAUL & JENNIFER LANDERS

649 MAIN STREET BOLTON, MA 01740

Prepared By:

DUCHARME & DILLIS CIVIL DESIGN GROUP, INC.

1092 MAIN STREET BOLTON, MA 01740

June 8, 2017

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1.0 Project Narrative

1.1 Project Type

The proposed project includes the development of 4 additional housing lots in for a total of 5 lots including the existing dwelling. The 4 lots will be accessed through a Common Driveway being permitted by Special Permit form the Bolton Planning Board.

The proposed common driveway will be approximately 975 feet in length and will involve 1 wetland crossing.

1.2 Purpose and Scope

This report has been prepared to comply with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards incorporated in the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act Regulations, 310 CMR 10.00 to the maximum extent practical. These standards are intended to promote increased groundwater recharge and prevent stormwater discharges from causing or contributing to the pollution of surface waters and ground waters of the Commonwealth. The standards aim to accomplish these goals by encouraging the greater use of low impact development techniques and improving the operation and maintenance of stormwater best management practices.

This report addresses compliance of the proposed development with each of the ten stormwater standards, it provides calculations to support the compliance information, and it provides a Construction Period Pollution Prevention Plan and an Operation and Maintenance Plan for the stormwater management system.

1.3 LID Measures

Care has been taken to lay out the proposed site in a manner that works with existing topography and to use LID, such as swales where possible given the driveway grades.

1.4 Site Description

The site is located on the Northerly side of Main Street approximately 0.5 miles West of I-495.

The site includes an existing single family dwelling with an associated on-site well, septic system and a barn. Surrounding the house is lawn area. Much of the site including the area to be developed is mature woodland.

A rather large Bordering Vegetated Wetland exists on the property as depicted on the plans. This wetland cuts off a significant portion of upland from the Main Street side of the site. An existing cart path traverses the wetland near the Easterly property line at a narrow point in the wetland.

The NRCS soils survey (See appendix C) shows a mix of Class B, C and D soils.

1.5 Proposed Stormwater Management System

A stormwater management system has been designed to accommodate the runoff from the proposed common driveway and upstream tributary areas. This management system includes the use of grass swales and infiltration areas.

1.6 Methods of Analysis

United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) soil cover complex methods (TR-20) were employed to compute runoff quantities for the subject property and, where appropriate, adjacent property that drains toward a common discharge point with runoff from the subject site. HydroCAD 10.0 computer software was employed in this hydrologic analysis. A comparison of pre- and post-development runoff quantities at two different analysis point was performed in order to design a stormwater management system that will limit peak rates of runoff from the development to predevelopment levels for 24-hour rainfall events of 2-, 10-, and 100-year return frequencies. Watershed boundaries for existing conditions are depicted on the attached Predevelopment Watershed Plan. Post-Developed watershed boundaries are indicated on the Post-development Watershed Plan.

2.0 Stormwater Standards Compliance

2.1 Standard 1 – Untreated Discharge

The stormwater management system for the proposed development will not result in any new discharges of untreated stormwater to wetland resource areas.

Outlet structures have been designed such that there is no erosion or scour wetlands areas or waters of the commonwealth.

2.2 Standard 2 - Peak Rate Attenuation

Hydrologic calculations for existing and proposed site conditions are included in Appendices D and E respectively. Calculations for 24-hour rainfall events of 2-, 10- and 100-year return frequencies are provided. The following table provides a summary of peak rates of runoff related to each of these storms for a design point at the property boundary through which all runoff from the subject property must flow. For all rainfall events considered, the proposed stormwater management system will control runoff from the development such that corresponding peak flows at the design point will match pre-developed rates.

Table 1: Peak Runoff Rates Design Point A

	Pre-Developed (cfs)	Post-Developed (cfs)
2-year	21.08	20.78
10-year	48.60	46.87
100-year	106.4	101.4

2.3 Standard 3 – Recharge

The proposed pavement will cover Class B and C soils. Recharge Calculations have been performed for the proposed infiltration area (see Appendix F).

2.4 Standard 4 – Water Quality

TSS removal calculations have been provided (Appendix F) showing calculations for both TSS treatment trains that are proposed for the project.

2.5 Standard 5 - Land Uses with Higher Pollutant Loads

The current and proposed uses of the subject site do not constitute land use with higher potential pollutant load, thus Standard 5 does not apply to the proposed project.

2.6 Standard 6 - Critical Areas

The proposed project does not involve a stormwater discharge within or near to any of the areas defined as "Critical Areas" at 314 CMR 9.02 and 310 CMR 10.04.

2.7 Standard 7 - Redevelopment

The proposed project does not meet the standards to be considered a Redevelopment project.

2.8 Standard 8 – Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sediment Control

Refer to Appendix G for a copy of the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion Control Plan. Because the project is subject to the filing of an Environmental Protection Agency Notice of Intent (EPA NOI), a copy of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included. This document has been prepared to satisfy the requirements of the EPA NOI and the Standard 8 Construction Period Pollution prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan.

2.9 Standard 9 - Operation and Maintenance Plan

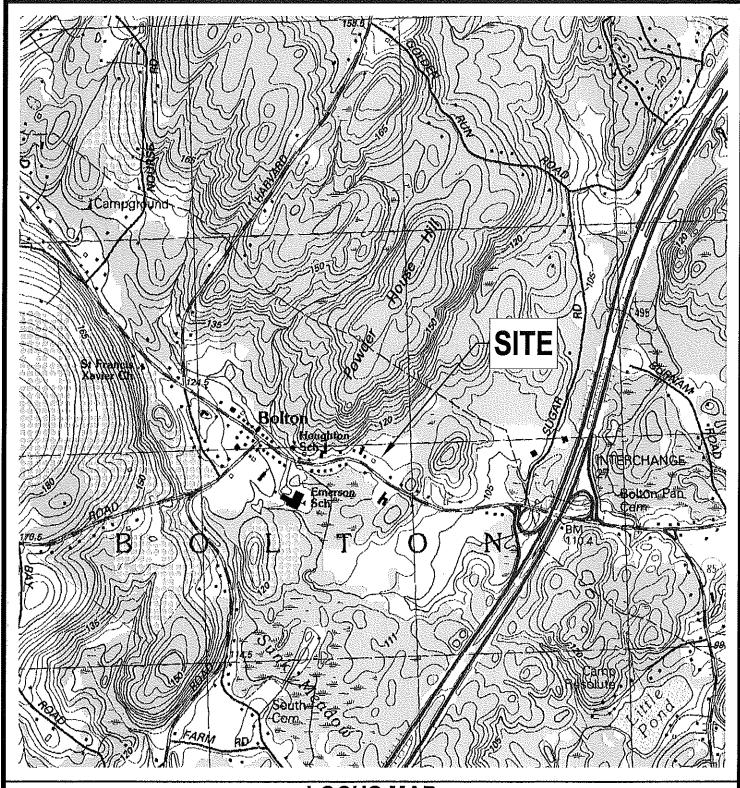
Refer to Appendix H for a complete copy of the Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan.

2.10 Standard 10 - Prohibition of Illicit Discharge

An illicit discharge statement will be prepared after approvals are received and prior to construction.

3.0 Appendices

Appendix A - Locus Map



LOCUS MAP

Prepared By: Ducharme & Dillis, Civil Design Group, Inc.

1092 Main Street P.O. Box 428 Bolton, Massachusetts

DATE: JUNE 2017

Prepared For: Paul & Jennifer Landers

649 Main Street Bolton, Massachusetts

SCALE: 1" = 800"



Appendix B - Checklist for Stormwater Report



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.





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A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals. This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Longterm Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature

GREGORY S. ROY CIVIL NO. 46070 PEGISTERE Signature		6/8/17	, ,
	Checklist		

	Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and edevelopment?						
\boxtimes	New development						
	Redevelopment						
	Mix of New Development and Redevelopment						



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

en۱	• Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered, vironmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the project;	
	No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas	
	Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbac	cks)
	Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)	
	Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs	
	LID Site Design Credit Requested:	
	☐ Credit 1	
	☐ Credit 2	
	☐ Credit 3	
	Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe	
	Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)	
	Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)	
	Treebox Filter	
	Water Quality Swale	
\boxtimes	Grass Channel	
	Green Roof	i
\boxtimes	Other (describe): Inifltration Basin	
	!	† <u> </u> -
Sta	ndard 1: No New Untreated Discharges	
\boxtimes	No new untreated discharges	2
	Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and Commonwealth	waters of the
	Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormw	<i>i</i> ater Handbook included.
	·	:



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Sta	andard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation								
	Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.								
	Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.								
	Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre- development rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24- hour storm.								
Sta	ındard 3: Recharge								
\boxtimes	Soil Analysis provided.								
\boxtimes	Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.								
	Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.								
\boxtimes	Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.								
	Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.								
\boxtimes	Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is <i>not</i> discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.								
\boxtimes	Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.								
	Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume <i>only</i> to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:								
	☐ Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface								
	M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000								
	☐ Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000								
	Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.								
\boxtimes	Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.								
	Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.								
1 80	% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.								



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)	
Standard 3: Recharge (continued)	
The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a manalysis is provided.	
Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby we resource areas.	etland
Standard 4: Water Quality	
 The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following: Good housekeeping practices; Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover; Vehicle washing controls; Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs; Spill prevention and response plans; Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas; Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides; Pet waste management provisions; Provisions for operation and management of septic systems; Provisions for solid waste management; Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas; Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions; Street sweeping schedules; Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system; Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containme 	

- event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
 Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
- List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.

\boxtimes	A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is in attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.	ncluded as an
	Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:	the one inch rule fo
	is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area	: -
	is near or to other critical areas	
	is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)	1.
	involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.	,
	The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Desig	n Credits.
\boxtimes	Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal reapplicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.	equirement and, if



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Ch	ecklist (continued)
Sta	ndard 4: Water Quality (continued)
	The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
	☑ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or
	The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
	The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
	A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.
Staı	ndard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)
	The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted <i>prior</i> to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
	The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does <i>not</i> cover the land use.
	LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
	All exposure has been eliminated.
	All exposure has <i>not</i> been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
	The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.
Star	ndard 6: Critical Areas
	The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
	Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Cł	necklist (continued)	
	Indard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximent practicable The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:	num
	Limited Project	
	 Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area. Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are profesomer exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff 	nent
	☐ Bike Path and/or Foot Path	
	☐ Redevelopment Project	
	Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.	
	Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report. The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklis in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretre and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.	st found that
Sta	ndard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Cont	rol
	Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must incluowing information:	ide the
	Narrative;	
	 Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan; Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance; Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures; Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings; Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations; Vegetation Planning; Site Development Plan; Construction Sequencing Plan; Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls; Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls; Inspection Schedule; Maintenance Schedule; Inspection and Maintenance Log Form. 	
Ц	A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan conta	ming



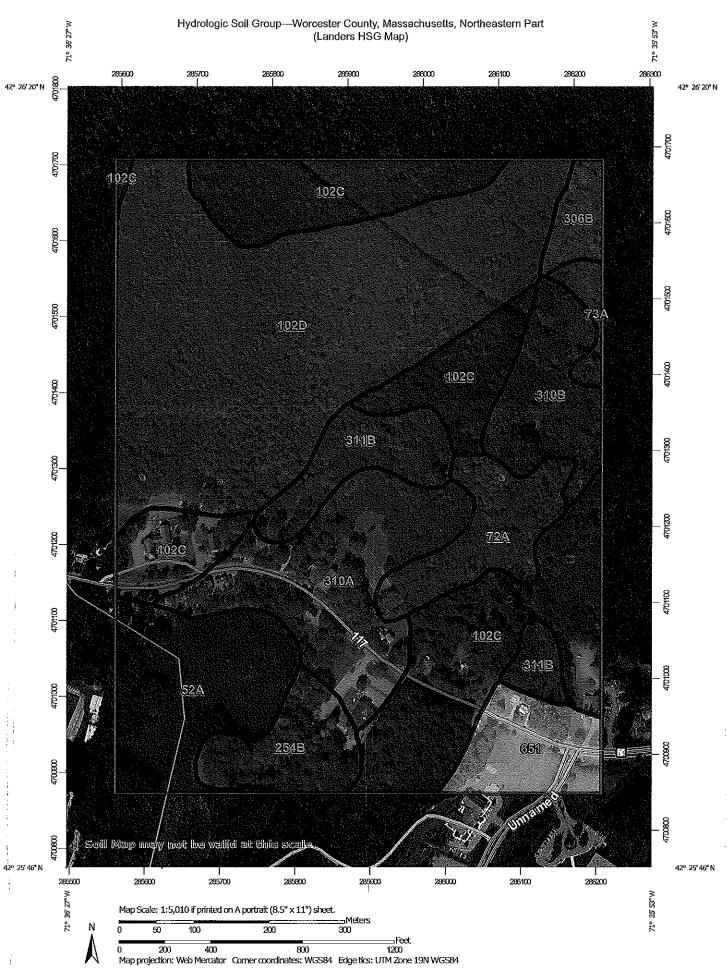
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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued) Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued) ☐ The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has not been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted before land disturbance begins. The project is not covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit. ☐ The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report. The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins. Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information: Name of the stormwater management system owners; Party responsible for operation and maintenance: Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks; Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas: Description and delineation of public safety features; Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and Operation and Maintenance Log Form. The responsible party is *not* the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions: A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs; A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions. Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges ☐ The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges; An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached: NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted prior to the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

Appendix C - Soils Data



Hydrologic Soil Group—Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northeastern Part (Landers HSG Map)

MAP LEGEND

O	C/D		ı	Not rated or not available	ıtures	Streams and Canals	ation	:	Kalis	Interstate Highways
	8				Water Features	}	Transportation		‡	National States
Area of Interest (AOI)	Area of Interest (AOI)		Soil Rating Polygons	٧	A/D	۵	o	B/D		ပ
Area of Int		Soils	Soil Rati							

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Enfargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause

line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at

1:20,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

MAP INFORMATION

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

Aerial Photography

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Worcester County, Massachusetts, Northeastern Part

Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 14, 2016

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Not rated or not available

G Q

O

8

Soil Rating Points

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Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 12, 2014--Sep

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
52A	Freetown muck, 0 to 1 percent slopes	B/D	11.7	8.7%
72A	Whitman loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	D	6.3	4.7%
73A	Whitman fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, extremely stony	1.0%		
102C	Chatfield-Hollis-Rock outcrop complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes	В	31.3	23.4%
102D	Chatfield-Hollis-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 35 percent slopes	D .	42.0	31.4%
254B	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	A	5.4	4.1%
306B	Paxton fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	С	2.1	1.6%
310A	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	C/D	14.5	10.8%
310B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	C/D	6.9	, 5.2%
311B	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	C/D	6.7	5.0%
651	Udorthents, smoothed		5.6	4.2%
Totals for Area of Inter	est	4	134.0	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

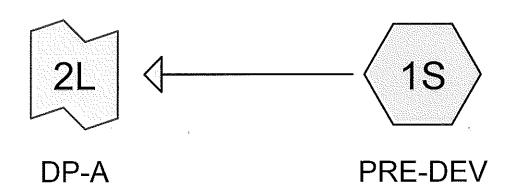
Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Appendix D - Existing Conditions Hydrologic Calculations











Prepared by Microsoft

HydroCAD® 10.00-17 s/n 03590 © 2016 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Printed 6/7/2017

Page 2

Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: PRE-DEV

Runoff Area=1,882,081 sf 0.32% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.73" Flow Length=1,706' Tc=30.0 min CN=71 Runoff=21.08 cfs 2.632 af

Link 2L: DP-A

Inflow=21.08 cfs 2.632 af Primary=21.08 cfs 2.632 af

Total Runoff Area = 43.207 ac Runoff Volume = 2.632 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.73" 99.68% Pervious = 43.066 ac 0.32% Impervious = 0.140 ac HydroCAD® 10.00-17 s/n 03590 © 2016 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: PRE-DEV

Runoff

21.08 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume=

2.632 af, Depth> 0.73"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.10"

	A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description					
•		6,114	98 F	Roofs, HSG	A A				
	2	82,407	55 V	Woods, Good, HSG B					
	6	28,685	70 V	Woods, Good, HSG C					
	8	19,349	77 V	Woods, Good, HSG D					
	1	38,077	74 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
_		7,449	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D			
	1,8	82,081	71 V	Veighted A	verage				
	1,8	75,967	ç	9.68% Per	vious Area	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
		6,114	(0.32% Impervious Area					
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	5.0	50	0.2000	0.17		Sheet Flow,			
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"			
	6.5	873	0.2000	2.24	•	Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	3.9	283	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	14.6	500	0.0130	0.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	30.0	1,706	Total						

Summary for Link 2L: DP-A

Inflow Area =

43.207 ac, 0.32% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.73" for 2-year event

Inflow

Primary

21.08 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume=

2.632 af 2.632 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

21.08 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume=

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: PRE-DEV

Runoff Area=1,882,081 sf 0.32% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.59" Flow Length=1,706' Tc=30.0 min CN=71 Runoff=48.60 cfs 5.721 af

Link 2L: DP-A

Inflow=48.60 cfs 5.721 af Primary=48.60 cfs 5.721 af

Total Runoff Area = 43.207 ac Runoff Volume = 5.721 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.59" 99.68% Pervious = 43.066 ac 0.32% Impervious = 0.140 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: PRE-DEV

Runoff

48.60 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume=

5.721 af, Depth> 1.59"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.50"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN E	escription						
	6,114	98 F	Roofs, HSG A						
2	82,407	55 V	Woods, Good, HSG B						
6	28,685	70 V	Woods, Good, HSG C						
8	19,349	77 V	Woods, Good, HSG D						
1	38,077	74 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
	7,449	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D				
1,8	82,081	71 V	Veighted A	verage					
1,8	75,967	9	9.68% Per	vious Area					
	6,114		0.32% Impervious Area						
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
5.0	50	0.2000	0.17		Sheet Flow,				
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"				
6.5	873	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
3.9	283	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
14.6	500	0.0130	0.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
4					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
30.0	1,706	Total							

Summary for Link 2L: DP-A

Inflow Area = 43.207 ac, :0.32% Im

43.207 ac, 0.32% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 1.59" for 10-year event

5.721 af

Inflow = 48.60 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume=

Primary = 48.60 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 5.721 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: PRE-DEV

Runoff Area=1,882,081 sf 0.32% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.44" Flow Length=1,706' Tc=30.0 min CN=71 Runoff=106.35 cfs 12.376 af

Link 2L: DP-A

Inflow=106.35 cfs 12.376 af Primary=106.35 cfs 12.376 af

Total Runoff Area = 43.207 ac Runoff Volume = 12.376 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.44" 99.68% Pervious = 43.066 ac 0.32% Impervious = 0.140 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: PRE-DEV

Runoff = 106.35 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 12.37

12.376 af, Depth> 3.44"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description					
6,114	98	Roofs, HS0	3 A				
282,407	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B				
628,685	70	Woods, Good, HSG C					
819,349	77	Woods, Good, HSG D					
138,077	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
7,449	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D			
1,882,081	71	Weighted A	verage				
1,875,967		99.68% Pe	rvious Area	l			
6,114		0.32% Impe	ervious Are	a			
		•					
Tc Lengt	n Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min) (feet) (ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
5.0 5	0.200	0 0.17		Sheet Flow,			
				Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"			
6.5 873	3 0.200	0 2.24	.•	Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
3.9 28	3 0.060	0 1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
14.6 50	0.013	0 0.57		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
30.0 1,70	6 Total						

Summary for Link 2L: DP-A

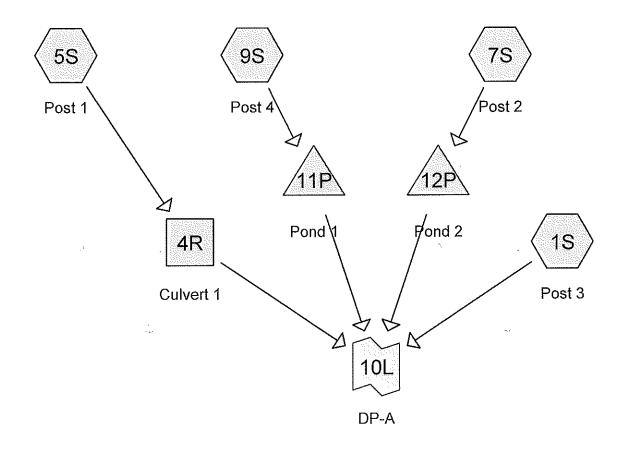
Inflow Area = 43.207 ac, 0.32% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.44" for 100-year event

Inflow = 106.35 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 12.376 af

Primary = 106.35 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 12.376 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Appendix E - Proposed Conditions Hydrologic Calculations











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Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1441 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Post 3

Runoff Area=1,003,303 sf 1.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77"

Flow Length=1,406' Tc=28.2 min CN=70 Runoff=10.67 cfs 1.479 af

Subcatchment 5S: Post 1

Runoff Area=749,868 sf 1.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.97"

Flow Length=1,514' Tc=31.6 min CN=74 Runoff=10.15 cfs 1.395 af

Subcatchment 7S: Post 2

Runoff Area=114,926 sf 10.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.03"

Flow Length=1,240' Tc=13.8 min CN=75 Runoff=2.33 cfs 0.226 af

Subcatchment 9S: Post 4

Runoff Area=13,990 sf 34.80% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.46"

Tc=6.0 min CN=82 Runoff=0.54 cfs 0.039 af

Reach 4R: Culvert 1

Avg. Flow Depth=0.71' Max Vel=4.45 fps Inflow=10.15 cfs 1.395 af

)" x 33.0", R=25.1"/77.3" Pipe Arch Pipe n=0.030 L=50.0' S=0.0200 '/' Capacity=54.22 cfs Outflow=10.14 cfs 1.395 af

Pond 11P: Pond 1

Peak Elev=98.93' Storage=1,364 cf Inflow=0.54 cfs 0.039 af

Discarded=0.01 cfs 0.033 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.01 cfs 0.033 af

Pond 12P: Pond 2

Peak Elev=99.56' Storage=8,367 cf Inflow=2.33 cfs 0.226 af

Discarded=0.04 cfs 0.150 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.04 cfs 0.150 af

Link 10L: DP-A

Inflow=20.78 cfs 2.874 af

Primary=20.78 cfs 2.874 af

Total Runoff Area = 43.207 ac Runoff Volume = 3.139 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.87" 97.72% Pervious = 42.223 ac 2.28% Impervious = 0.984 ac HydroCAD® 10.00-17 s/n 03590 © 2016 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Post 3

Runoff

10.67 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume=

1.479 af, Depth= 0.77"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.10"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription				
•	187,726	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B			
2	279,768	70 V	Woods, Good, HSG C				
3	394,207	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D			
	43,729	61 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B				
	65,027	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C		
	16,372	80 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D				
	7,572	98 F	Paved parking, HSG B				
	902	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C			
	6,400		Roofs, HSG				
	1,600	98 F	Roofs, HSC	S C			
1,0	003,303	70 V	Veighted A	verage			
6	986,829	9	98.36% Pervious Area				
	16,474	1	1.64% Impervious Area				
Tc	Length		Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
4.2	50	0.3000	0.20		Sheet Flow,		
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"		
3.0	485	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
1.7	198	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
1.9	108	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
8.0	67	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
40.0	400	0.0400	0.50		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		
16.6	498	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
28.2	1,406	Total			Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps		

Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Post 1

Runoff

10.15 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume=

1.395 af, Depth= 0.97"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.10"

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	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description	1				
21,160 55			55	Woods, Good, HSG B					
	206,636 70			Woods, Good, HSG C					
	3	370,364	77	Woods, Good, HSG D					
	1	42,394	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
		9,314	98	Roofs, HSG C					
	7	49,868	74	Weighted Average					
	740,554			98.76% Pervious Area					
	9,314			1.24% Impervious Area					
	Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	8.1	50	0.0600	0.10		Sheet Flow,			
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"			
	4.3	318	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	3.9	686	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	15.3	460	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	31.6	1,514	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment 7S: Post 2

Runoff = 2.33 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume=

0.226 af, Depth= 1.03"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.10"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
18,220	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
3,730	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
43,822	77	Woods, Good, HSG D
36,938	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C
10,616	98	Paved parking, HSG C
1,600	98	Roofs, HSG C
114,926	75	Weighted Average
102,710		89.37% Pervious Area
12,216		10.63% Impervious Area

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	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	5.0	50	0.2000	0.17		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
	4.0	536	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	1.1	130	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.1	23	0.5000	4.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.6	35	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	0.5	135	0.0500	4.54		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	8.0	193	0.0650	3.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	1.7	138	0.0080	1.34		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	13.8	1,240	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 9S: Post 4

Runoff

0.54 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=

0.039 af, Depth= 1.46"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.10"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description				• •
	9,121	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C		
	4,869	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C	;		
	13,990	82 \	Neighted A	verage		•	
	9,121	6	35.20% Per	vious Area			
	4,869	3	34.80% lmp	pervious Ar	ea	ı	
-	7 41	6 1			5 ' "		
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	<u> </u>	
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.0					Direct Entry,	1	

Summary for Reach 4R: Culvert 1

Inflow Area = 17.215 ac, 1.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.97" for 2-year event

10.15 cfs @ 12.48 hrs, Volume= Inflow 1.395 af

Outflow 10.14 cfs @ 12.49 hrs, Volume= 1.395 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 4.45 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.2 min

Avg. Velocity = 1.78 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.5 min

Peak Storage= 114 cf @ 12.48 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 0.71'

Bank-Full Depth= 2.75' Flow Area= 8.9 sf, Capacity= 54.22 cfs

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49.0" W x 33.0" H, R=25.1"/77.3" Pipe Arch Pipe n= 0.030 Stream, clean & straight Length= 50.0' Slope= 0.0200 '/' Inlet Invert= 99.00', Outlet Invert= 98.00'



Summary for Pond 11P: Pond 1

Inflow Area = 0.321 ac, 34.80% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.46" for 2-year event

Inflow 0.54 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.039 af

Outflow 0.01 cfs @ 23.54 hrs, Volume= 0.033 af, Atten= 99%, Lag= 686.5 min

Discarded = 0.01 cfs @ 23.54 hrs, Volume= 0.033 af 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= Primary = 0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 98.93' @ 23.54 hrs Surf.Area= 1,681 sf Storage= 1,364 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,629.3 min calculated for 0.033 af (84% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,560.3 min (2,398.1 - 837.8)

volume	Invert	<u> Avai</u>	i.Storage	Storage Description	on ·	
#1	98.00'		9,076 cf	Custom Stage Da	ta (Irregular) List	ted below (Recald
Elevation (feet)		f.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
98.00 99.00 100.00 101.00		1,249 1,713 3,797 6,124	145.0 163.0 766.0 784.0	0 1,475 2,687 4,914	0 1,475 4,162 9,076	1,249 1,716 46,297 48,649

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	100.60'	25.0' long x 5.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	6		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.35 2.51 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65
			2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.69 2.73 2.77 2.86
#2	Discarded	98.00'	0.170 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 90.00'

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 23.54 hrs HW=98.93' (Free Discharge) **T_2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=98.00' (Free Discharge) T-1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Summary for Pond 12P: Pond 2

Inflow Area = 2.638 ac, 10.63% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.03" for 2-year event

Inflow = 2.33 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.226 af

Outflow = 0.04 cfs @ 24.14 hrs, Volume= 0.150 af, Atten= 98%, Lag= 716.0 min

Discarded = 0.04 cfs @ 24.14 hrs, Volume= 0.150 af Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 99.56' @ 24.14 hrs Surf.Area= 7,939 sf Storage= 8,367 cf

Flood Elev= 101.00' Surf.Area= 13,392 sf Storage= 23,421 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,657.6 min calculated for 0.150 af (67% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,547.3 min (2,415.3 - 868.0)

Volume	Inv	ert Ava	il.Storage	Storage Descripti	on		
#1	98.	00'	23,421 cf	Custom Stage D	ata (Irregular) Lis	ted below (Recalc)	
Elevatio		Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
98.0	00	2,656	236.0	0	0	2,656	
99.0	00	6,316	327.0	4,356	4,356	6,743	
100.0	00	9,321	514.0	7,770	12,126	19,265	•
101.0	00	13,392	539.0	11,295	23,421	21,425	
Device	Routing	Ir	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	100).60' 20.0 '	long x 5.5' bread	Ith Broad-Crested	d Rectangular Wei	ľ
	-		Head	d (feet) 0.20 0.40	0:60 0.80 1.00	1.20 1.40 1.60 1.	.80 2.00
			2.50	3.00 3.50 4.00	4.50 5.00 5.50		

Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.0 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.35 2.51 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.69 2.73 2.77 2.86 #2 Discarded 98.00' 0.170 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 90.00'

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.04 cfs @ 24.14 hrs HW=99.56' (Free Discharge) —2=Exfiltration (Controls 0.04 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=98.00' (Free Discharge)
1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Link 10L: DP-A

Inflow Area = 43.207 ac, 2.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.80" for 2-year event

Inflow = 20.78 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume= 2.874 af

Primary = 20.78 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume= 2.874 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1441 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Post 3

Runoff Area=1,003,303 sf 1.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.67"

Flow Length=1,406' Tc=28.2 min CN=70 Runoff=25.39 cfs 3.213 af

Subcatchment 5S: Post 1

Runoff Area=749,868 sf 1.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.97"

Flow Length=1,514' Tc=31.6 min CN=74 Runoff=21.65 cfs 2.829 af

Subcatchment 7S: Post 2

Runoff Area=114,926 sf 10.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.05"

Flow Length=1,240' Tc=13.8 min CN=75 Runoff=4.87 cfs 0.451 af

Subcatchment 9S: Post 4

Runoff Area=13,990 sf 34.80% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.64"

Tc=6.0 min CN=82 Runoff=0.97 cfs 0.071 af

Reach 4R: Culvert 1

Avg. Flow Depth=1.09' Max Vel=5.65 fps Inflow=21.65 cfs 2.829 af

)" x 33.0", R=25.1"/77.3" Pipe Arch Pipe n=0.030 L=50.0' S=0.0200 '/' Capacity=54.22 cfs Outflow=21.64 cfs 2.829 af

Pond 11P: Pond 1

Peak Elev=99.50' Storage=2,547 cf Inflow=0.97 cfs 0.071 af

Discarded=0.01 cfs 0.046 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.01 cfs 0.046 af

Pond 12P: Pond 2

Peak Elev=100.51' Storage=17,420 cf Inflow=4.87 cfs 0.451 af

Discarded=0.05 cfs 0.228 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.05 cfs 0.228 af

Link 10L: DP-A

Inflow=46.87 cfs 6.042 af

Primary=46.87 cfs 6.042 af

Total Runoff Area = 43.207 ac Runoff Volume = 6.563 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.82" 97.72% Pervious = 42.223 ac 2.28% Impervious = 0.984 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Post 3

Runoff = 25.39 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume=

3.213 af, Depth= 1.67"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.50"

	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
•	187,726	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
	279,768	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
(394,207	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
	43,729	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
	65,027				ood, HSG C
	16,372	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D
	7,572			ing, HSG B	
	902			ing, HSG C	
	6,400		Roofs, HSG		
	1,600		Roofs, HSC	3 C	
	003,303		Veighted A		
6	986,829	_		vious Area	
	16,474	1	.64% lmpe	ervious Are	a
-	, ,,	01			B 1.0
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.2	50	0.3000	0.20		Sheet Flow,
0.0	405	0.0000	0.74		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
3.0	485	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
47	400	0.4500	4.04		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.7	198	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
1.9	108	0.0350	0.94		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.9	100	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.8	67	0.0800	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
0.0	07	0.0000	1.41		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
16.6	498	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
10.0	750	0.0100	0.50		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
28.2	1,406	Total			vvocalaria itv o.o ipo
20.2	1,400	i Utai			

Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Post 1

Runoff = 21.65 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 2.

2.829 af, Depth= 1.97"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.50"

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_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		21,160	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	2	.06,636	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
	3	70,364	77	Woods, Go	od, HSG D)*
	1	42,394				ood, HSG C
_		9,314	98	Roofs, HSC	<u> </u>	
		49,868		Weighted A		
	7	40,554		98.76% Pei	rvious Area	
		9,314		1.24% Impe	ervious Are	a
		1 0	01	N/ 1 '4		.
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(cfs)	
	8.1	50	0.0600	0.10		Sheet Flow,
	4.0	040	0.0000	4.00		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
	4.3	318	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	2.0	606	0.2500	0.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	3.9	686	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	15.3	460	0.0100	0.50		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	13.3	400	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
-	31.6	1 511	Total			7700diand 1(7- 3.0 1ps
_	31.6	1,514	Total	0.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps

Summary for Subcatchment 7S: Post 2

4.87 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= Runoff

0.451 af, Depth= 2.05"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.50"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description	
18,220	55	Woods, Good, HSG B	
3,730	70	Woods, Good, HSG C	
43,822	77	Woods, Good, HSG D	
36,938	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C	
10,616	98	Paved parking, HSG C	•
 1,600	98	Roofs, HSG C	1
114,926	75	Weighted Average	!
102,710		89.37% Pervious Area	
12,216		10.63% Impervious Area	•

5244-POST

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0	50	0.2000	0.17		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
4.0	536	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.1	130	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.1	23	0.5000	4.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.6	35	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.5	135	0.0500	4.54		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.8	193	0.0650	3.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
1.7	138	0.0080	1.34		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
13.8	1,240	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 9S: Post 4

Runoff = 0.97 cfs

0.97 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=

0.071 af, Depth= 2.64"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.50"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	9,121	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	4,869	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C)				
	13,990	82	Weighted Average						
	9,121		65.20% Pei	rvious Area					
	4,869		34.80% lmp	pervious Ar	ea				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
6.0					Direct Entry,				

Summary for Reach 4R: Culvert 1

Inflow Area = 17.215 ac, 1.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.97" for 10-year event

Inflow = 21.65 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 2.829 af

Outflow = 21.64 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 2.829 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.3 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 5.65 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.1 min

Avg. Velocity = 2.14 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.4 min

Peak Storage= 192 cf @ 12.46 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.09'

Bank-Full Depth= 2.75' Flow Area= 8.9 sf, Capacity= 54.22 cfs

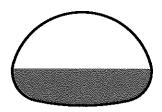
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49.0" W x 33.0" H, R=25.1"/77.3" Pipe Arch Pipe n= 0.030 Stream, clean & straight Length= 50.0' Slope= 0.0200 '/' Inlet Invert= 99.00', Outlet Invert= 98.00'



Summary for Pond 11P: Pond 1

Inflow Area = 0.321 ac, 34.80% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.64" for 10-year event

Inflow = 0.97 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.071 af

Outflow = 0.01 cfs @ 23.56 hrs, Volume= 0.046 af, Atten= 99%, Lag= 687.8 min

Discarded = 0.01 cfs @ 23.56 hrs, Volume= 0.046 af Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 99.50' @ 23.56 hrs Surf.Area= 2,644 sf Storage= 2,547 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,582.3 min calculated for 0.046 af (66% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,481.1 min (2,301.8 - 820.7)

Volume	Invert	<u>Avail.S</u>	torage =	Storage Description	n	
#1	98.00'	9	,076 cf	Custom Stage Dat	a (Irregular) Liste	ed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf. <i>A</i> (s	Area q-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
98.00	1,	249	145.0	0	0	1,249
99.00	1,	713	163.0	1,475	1,475	1,716
100.00	3,	797	766.0	2,687	4,162	46,297
101.00	6,	124	784.0	4,914	9,076	48,649

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	100.60'	25.0' long x 5.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.35 2.51 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65
			2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.69 2.73 2.77 2.86
#2	Discarded	98.00'	0.170 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
			Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 90.00'

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.01 cfs @ 23.56 hrs HW=99.50' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.01 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=98.00' (Free Discharge)
1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Summary for Pond 12P: Pond 2

Inflow Area = 2.638 ac, 10.63% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.05" for 10-year event

Inflow = 4.87 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 0.451 af

Outflow = 0.05 cfs @ 24.16 hrs, Volume= 0.228 af, Atten= 99%, Lag= 717.8 min

Discarded = 0.05 cfs @ 24.16 hrs, Volume= 0.228 af Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 100.51' @ 24.16 hrs Surf.Area= 11,321 sf Storage= 17,420 cf

Flood Elev= 101.00' Surf.Area= 13,392 sf Storage= 23,421 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,698.5 min calculated for 0.228 af (51% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,577.9 min (2,425.2 - 847.3)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.S	torage	Storage Description	n		
#1	98.0	0' 23	,421 cf	Custom Stage Dat	a (Irregular) Listed	below (Recalc)	
Elevation		Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
98.0	00	2,656	236.0	0	0	2,656	
99.0	00	6,316	327.0	4,356	4,356	6,743	
100.0	00	9,321	514.0	7,770	12,126	4 19,265 □	
101.0	00	13,392	539.0	11,295	23,421	21,425	
Device	Routing	Inve	rt Outl	et Devices			
#1	Primary	100.60	o' 20.0	long x 5.5' breadt	h Broad-Crested R	ectangular Weir	
	•		Hea	d (feet) 0.20 0.40 (0.60 0.80 1.00 1.2	20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00	
			2.50	3.00 3.50 4.00 4.	50 5.00 5.50	•	
			Coe	f. (English) 2.35 2.5	51 2.70 2.68 2.68	2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65	
			2.65	2.67 2.66 2.68 2.	69 2.73 2.77 2.86	3	
#2	Discarde	0.8e b	o' 0.17	0 in/hr Exfiltration o	over Surface area		
			Con	ductivity to Groundw	ater Elevation = 90	.00'	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.05 cfs @ 24.16 hrs HW=100.51' (Free Discharge) 2=Exfiltration (Controls 0.05 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=98.00' (Free Discharge)
—1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Link 10L: DP-A

Inflow Area = 43.207 ac, 2.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.68" for 10-year event

Inflow = 46.87 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 6.042 af

Primary = 46.87 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 6.042 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Time span=0.00-72.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1441 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: Post 3

Runoff Area=1,003,303 sf 1.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.62"

Flow Length=1,406' Tc=28.2 min CN=70 Runoff=56.62 cfs 6.945 af

Subcatchment 5S: Post 1

Runoff Area=749,868 sf 1.24% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.04"

Flow Length=1,514' Tc=31.6 min CN=74 Runoff=44.96 cfs 5.799 af

Subcatchment 7S: Post 2

Runoff Area=114,926 sf 10.63% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.15"

Flow Length=1,240' Tc=13.8 min CN=75 Runoff=9.95 cfs 0.912 af

Subcatchment 9S: Post 4

Runoff Area=13,990 sf 34.80% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.92"

Tc=6.0 min CN=82 Runoff=1.78 cfs 0.132 af

Reach 4R: Culvert 1

Avg. Flow Depth=1.81' Max Vel=6.83 fps Inflow=44.96 cfs 5.799 af

)" x 33.0", R=25.1"/77.3" Pipe Arch Pipe n=0.030 L=50.0' S=0.0200 '/' Capacity=54.22 cfs Outflow=44.94 cfs 5.799 af

Pond 11P: Pond 1

Peak Elev=100.18' Storage=4,870 cf Inflow=1.78 cfs 0.132 af

Discarded=0.02 cfs 0.078 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.02 cfs 0.078 af

Pond 12P: Pond 2

Peak Elev=100.75' Storage=20,237 cf Inflow=9.95 cfs 0.912 af

Discarded=0.06 cfs 0.244 af Primary=2.80 cfs 0.427 af Outflow=2.86 cfs 0.671 af

Link 10L: DP-A

Inflow=101.36 cfs 13.170 af

Primary=101.36 cfs 13.170 af

Total Runoff Area = 43.207 ac Runoff Volume = 13.788 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.83" 97.72% Pervious = 42.223 ac 2.28% Impervious = 0.984 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Post 3

Runoff

=

56.62 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume=

6.945 af, Depth= 3.62"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

	A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description					
	1	87,726	55 V	Woods, Good, HSG B					
		79,768		Joods, Good, HSG C					
	3	94,207			od, HSG D				
		43,729	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B			
		65,027	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
		16,372	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D			
		7,572	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG E	3			
		902			ing, HSG C				
		6,400		Roofs, HSG					
		1,600	98 F	Roofs, HSC	S C				
		03,303		Veighted A					
	9	86,829	9	8.36% Per	vious Area				
		16,474	1	.64% Impe	ervious Are	a			
			0.1			B 14			
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
	nin)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	4.2	50	0.3000	0.20		Sheet Flow,			
			0.0000	0.74		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"			
	3.0	485	0.3000	2.74		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
		400	0.4500	4.04	٠.	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	1.7	198	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
	4.0	400	0.0050	0.04		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	1.9	108	0.0350	0.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
	n 0	67	0.0800	1.41		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	8.0	07	0.0000	1.41		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
1	6.6	498	0.0100	0.50		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
l	0.0	490	0.0100	0.50		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	10 n	1.400	Total			vvoodiand IXV- 3.0 ips			
	8.2	1,406	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Post 1

Runoff

=

44.96 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume=

5.799 af, Depth= 4.04"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

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A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	21,160	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
2	206,636	70 '	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
3	370,364	77	Woods, Go	od, HSG D	
1	142,394	74 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C
	9,314	98	Roofs, HSG	3 C	
7	749,868	74	Neighted A	verage	
7	740,554	(98.76% Per	vious Area	
	9,314	•	1.24% Impe	ervious Area	a
				_	
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
8.1	50	0.0600	0.10		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
4.3	318	0.0600	1.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
3.9	686	0.3500	2.96		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
	400				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.3	460	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
31.6	1,514	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 7S: Post 2

Runoff

9.95 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume=

0.912 af, Depth= 4.15"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
18,220	55	Woods, Good, HSG B		
3,730	70	Woods, Good, HSG C		
43,822	77	Woods, Good, HSG D		
36,938	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C		
10,616	98	Paved parking, HSG C		
1,600	98	Roofs, HSG C		
114,926	75	Weighted Average		
102,710		89.37% Pervious Area		
12,216		10.63% Impervious Area	11	

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0	50	0.2000	0.17		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.10"
4.0	536	0.2000	2.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.1	130	0.1500	1.94		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.1	23	0.5000	4.95		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.6	35	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.5	135	0.0500	4.54		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.8	193	0.0650	3.82		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
1.7	138	0.0080	1.34		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
13.8	1,240	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment 9S: Post 4

Runoff =

1.78 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=

0.132 af, Depth= 4.92"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

<u> </u>	Area (sf)	CN I	Description		e a ea	
	9,121	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go		
	4,869	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C		
	13,990	82 V	Veighted A	verage		
	9,121	6	5.20% Per	vious Area		
	4,869	3	34.80% lmp	ervious Ar	ea	
	Tc Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
ſ'n	nin) (feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description	:
	6.0		<u> </u>	(4,4)	Direct Entry,	3.00.000

Summary for Reach 4R: Culvert 1

Inflow Area = 17.215 ac, 1.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.04" for 100-year event

Inflow = 44.96 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 5.799 af

Outflow = 44.94 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 5.799 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.2 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Max. Velocity= 6.83 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.1 min

Avg. Velocity = 2.58 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.3 min

Peak Storage= 329 cf @ 12.44 hrs

Average Depth at Peak Storage= 1.81'

Bank-Full Depth= 2.75' Flow Area= 8.9 sf, Capacity= 54.22 cfs

Prepared by Microsoft

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49.0" W x 33.0" H, R=25.1"/77.3" Pipe Arch Pipe n= 0.030 Stream, clean & straight Length= 50.0' Slope= 0.0200 '/' Inlet Invert= 99.00', Outlet Invert= 98.00'



Summary for Pond 11P: Pond 1

Inflow Area = 0.321 ac, 34.80% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.92" for 100-year event

Inflow 1.78 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.132 af

Outflow 0.02 cfs @ 23.84 hrs, Volume= 0.078 af, Atten= 99%, Lag= 704.8 min

Discarded = 0.02 cfs @ 23.84 hrs, Volume= 0.078 af 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= Primary 0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 100.18' @ 23.84 hrs Surf.Area= 4,171 sf Storage= 4,870 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1,619.6 min calculated for 0.078 af (59% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,516.4 min (2,319.4 - 803.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail	.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	98.00'		9,076 cf	Custom Stage Da	ıta (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc)	
Elevation (feet)		Area sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)	
98.00	-	1,249	145.0	0	0	1,249	
99.00		1,713	163.0	1,475	1,475	1,716	
100.00	3	3,797	766.0	2,687	4,162	46,297	
101.00	6	3,124	784.0	4,914	9,076	48,649	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	100.60'	25.0' long x 5.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
#2	Discarded	98.00'	Coef. (English) 2.35 2.51 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.68 2.69 2.73 2.77 2.86 0.170 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 90.00'

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.02 cfs @ 23.84 hrs HW=100.18' (Free Discharge) T-2=Exfiltration (Controls 0.02 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=98.00' (Free Discharge) -1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

t toparca by wichosoft

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Summary for Pond 12P: Pond 2

Inflow Area = 2.638 ac, 10.63% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.15" for 100-year event

Inflow = 9.95 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 0.912 af

Outflow = 2.86 cfs @ 12.65 hrs, Volume= 0.671 af, Atten= 71%, Lag= 27.4 min

Discarded = 0.06 cfs @ 12.65 hrs, Volume= 0.244 af Primary = 2.80 cfs @ 12.65 hrs, Volume= 0.427 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 100.75' @ 12.65 hrs Surf.Area= 12,315 sf Storage= 20,237 cf

Flood Elev= 101.00' Surf.Area= 13,392 sf Storage= 23,421 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 714.8 min calculated for 0.671 af (74% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 625.0 min (1,452.0 - 826.9)

<u>Volume</u>	Inve	<u>rt Avail</u>	.Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	98.0	0' 2	23,421 cf	Custom Stage Da	ata (Irregular) List	ed below (Recalc)	_
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(fee	t)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
98.0	0	2,656	236.0	0	0	2,656	
99.0		6,316	327.0	4,356	4,356	6,743	
100.0	0	9,321	514.0	7,770	12,126	√ 19,265	
101.0	0	13,392	539.0	11,295	23,421	21,425	
Device	Routing	lnv	ert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	100.	60' 20.0'	long x 5.5' bread	th Broad-Crested	l Rectangular Weir	
			THead	d (feet) 0.20 0.40	0.60 0.80 1.00	1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00	
			2.50	3.00 3.50 4.00 4	1.50 5.00 5.50		
			Coef	f. (English) 2.35 2	.51 2.70 2.68 2.0	68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65	
			2.65	2.67 2.66 2.68 2	2.69 2.73 2.77 2	.86	
#2	Discarde	d 98.	00' 0.17 (0 in/hr Exfiltration	over Surface are	a	

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.06 cfs @ 12.65 hrs HW=100.75' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Controls 0.06 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=2.79 cfs @ 12.65 hrs HW=100.75' (Free Discharge)
1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.79 cfs @ 0.92 fps)

Summary for Link 10L: DP-A

Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 90.00'

Inflow Area = 43.207 ac, 2.28% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.66" for 100-year event

Inflow = 101.36 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 13.170 af

Primary = 101.36 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 13.170 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Appendix F - TSS Removal Calculations

>

INSTRUCTIONS: 1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu

Select BMP from Drop Down Menu
 After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

TSS Removal Calculation Worksheet									
Location: Pond 1 B TS BMP ¹	Grass Channel	Infiltration Basin					Project:	Prepared By: JPL	Date: [
Pond 1 C TSS Removal Rate ¹	0.50	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	Total T	Project: 649 Main St., Bolton MA	JPL	Date: 8-Jun-17
D Starting TSS Load*	1.00	0.50	0.10	0.10	ث 0.10	Total TSS Removal =			
E Amount Removed (C*D)	0.50	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	%06		*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E)	which enters the BMP
F Remaining Load (D-E)	0.50	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Outlet or BMP Train		n previous BMP (E)	
17			1		, 	r B			

Non-automated TSS Calculation Sheet must be used if Proprietary BMP Proposed 1. From MassDEP Stormwater Handbook Vol. 1

Mass. Dept. of Environmental Protection

Stormwater Recharge & Water Quality Calculations

Ponds 1 and 2

Impervious Area tabulation:

Hydrologic	Impervious	Target Depth	•
Soil Group	Area (Ac)	(F)	Volume
			(Rv) Ac-feet
В	0.315	0.35	0.009
С	0.673	0.25	0.014

Table 2.3.2: Recharge Target Depth by Hydrologic Soil Group

r tydrologic dolf Group									
NRCS Hydrologic	Approx. Soil	Target Depth							
Soil Group	Texture	Factor (F)							
,		` '							
Α	sand	0.6 inch							
В	loam	0.35 inch							
С	silty loam	0.25 inch							
D	clay	0.1 inch							

Total Recharge Volume Required (Rv) =

0.023 Ac-ft

Total Recharge Volume Required (Rv) =

1,011 C.ft

Water Quality Calculation:

Water Quality Depth = Required Water Quality Volume =

0.5 in 572 C.ft.

1 inch depth
Zone II discharges
IWPA discharges
Critical Area
Runoff from LUHPPL
Infiltration rate >2.4 inches/hour
1/2 inch depth
1/2 inch depth Discharge to other ares
Discharge to other ares
Discharge to other ares 8 inch

Total Recharge Volume Provided (Rv) =

818 C.ft

@ EL=248.9, Sed. Forbay and Ext. D Basin

Table 2.3.3: 1982 Rawls Rates

Proposed Infiltration Area Calculations:

Bottom Surface Area (A):

1,315.00 SF

(elevation 248.0)

Drawdown Calculations:

Soil Texture: 6 Sandy Clay Loam

Rawls Rate:

0.17 in/hr

Drawdown:

54.27 hr

Drawdown is less than 72 Hours as Required

	NRCS	
	Hydrologic	
Texture Class	Soil Group	Infiltration Rate
1 Sand	Α	8.27 in/hr
2 Loamy Sand	Α :	2.41 in/hr
3 Sandy Loam	B ±	1.02 in/hr
4 Loam	В ;	0.52 in/hr
5 Silt Loam	C ;	0.27 in/hr
6 Sandy Clay Loan	C .	0.17 in/hr
7 Clay Loam	D	0.09 in/hr
8 Silty Clay Loam	D ·	0.06 in/hr
9 Sandy Clay	D,	0.05 in/hr
10 Silty Clay	D ¦	0.04 in/hr
11 Clay	D ;	0.02 in/hr

Appendix G – Operation & Maintenance Plan

STORMWATER OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

649 Main Street

Common Driveway

BOLTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Prepared For:

Paul & Jennifer Landers

649 MAIN STREET BOLTON, MA 01740

Prepared By:

DUCHARME & DILLIS CIVIL DESIGN GROUP, INC

1092 MAIN STREET BOLTON, MA 01740

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

1.0 Project Narrative

- 1.1 Overview of Drainage System
- 1.2 Routine Operation & Maintenance Tasks
- 1.3 O&M Schedule

2.0 Appendices

Appendix A – Stormwater System Plan

Appendix B – Stormwater Management System Owners/Operators

1.0 Project Narrative

1.1 Proposed Stormwater Management System

Runoff from the proposed development will be conveyed and treated through a combination of catch basins, fore bays, grass swales and conventional stormwater detention basins.

Grass Swales

Runoff from the driveway will be conveyed to the stormwater management area through grassed lined swales. The swales have been designed to accommodate the runoff from the driveway and the up-gradient areas.

Infiltration Basins

Runoff from the site will be conveyed to infiltration basins in the location shown on the site. The basins have been designed to accommodate the runoff associated with the 100-year rainfall event. Emergency spillways will be installed to prevent the infiltration basins from overflowing onto the proposed common driveway.

1.2 Operation & Maintenance Tasks

The following activities should be performed routinely to allow for proper functioning of the stormwater system. The following are guidelines referring to each major component of the stormwater management system.

1.2.1 Driveway Sweeping

Driveway sweeping should be preformed at least semi annually. For most effective results, sweeping should be preformed by a vacuum style truck in the early spring before spring rain events can was silt and sediment into the stormwater system. Silt and sediment should be disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal guidelines for hazardous waste.

1.2.2 Stone Rip Rap

The proposed emergency spillway for the infiltration basin is equipped with angular stone riprap. The stone riprap will be placed approximately 1-foot deep over Tencate Mirafi filter fabric.

Rip Rap should be inspected periodically for signs of failure. Such signs would include, undermining, high velocity wear (displacement of stones downstream), sliding, settlement, siltation, etc. Riprap should be repaired immediately upon the observation of such conditions mentioned.

Periodically, rip rap should be cleaned of silt. Siltation will be most prevalent in low velocity areas (such as directly up-stream of outlet control structures). Silt and sediment should be removed from these areas by hand.

1.2.3 Grass Swales

The grass swale should be inspected periodically for signs of erosion, scour, buildup of silt/sediment and for the presence of litter and debris. The grass in the swale should be maintained in good growing condition and be mowed regularly as part of the annual maintenance of the common driveway.

Erosion and scour should be repaired immediately upon detection, and silt/sediment should be removed when levels have reached a point where the flow is being restricted.

1.2.4 Infiltration Basins

The infiltration basins are conventionally designed to infiltrate the runoff from routine rainfall events. The basins have shallow side slopes which can be easily maintained. The intent of the design is to blend the basins into the surrounding terrain but not that they would become overgrown.

The basins should be maintained routinely. Refer to Section 2 for a schedule of routine tasks.

The basins should be cleaned when silt and sediment has collected such that 1/3 of the capacity has been filled with silt/sediment. After removal of silt, repair or replace the stone riprap spillway if it was disturbed by the cleaning effort.

The infiltration basins should be inspected for the presence of woody vegetation and mowed periodically. In the spring, the basins should be inspected, and leaves, branches and trees that's have fallen should be removed to preserve the functionality of the basins.

1.3 O&M Schedule

O&	¢M Task	Monthly	Quarterly	Spring	Fall	2-years	As-required
1.	Driveway Sweeping			X	x		
2.	Stone Rip Rap						
	Inspection			х			
	Remove Debris			x			х
	Remove Silt/Sediment					X	x
	Repair						X
3.	Grass Swale						
	Inspect			х	x		
	Mowing (growing season)	X					
	Remove silt/sediment, repair						X
4.	Infiltration Basins			-			
	Inspection			ж	X		
	Mowing			x	ж		
	Remove branches and dead trees			X			

APPENDIX A

Stormwater System Plan

APPENDIX B

Stormwater Management System Owners/Operators

1.	Stormwater Management System Owners:	TBD
2.	Current and future operators:	TBD
3.	Emergency contact information:	TBD
4.	Change of trustee:	TBD
5.	Financial Responsible Party:	TBD
6.	Routine Maintenance:	TBD
7.	O&M activities:	TBD
8.	Record keeping	TBD

Appendix H - Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan

LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

649 Main Street

COMMON DRIVEWAY

BOLTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Prepared For:

PAUL & JENNIFER LANDERS

649 MAIN STREET BOLTON, MA 01740

Prepared By:

DUCHARME & DILLIS CIVIL DESIGN GROUP, INC

1092 MAIN STREET BOLTON, MA 01740

1.0 Summary

This Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan (LTPPP) has been prepared by Ducharme & Dillis Civil Design Group, Inc. pursuant to the Massachusetts Stormwater Regulations. The proposed development consists of 4 proposed house lots to be accessed through a new common driveway.

The layout of the proposed developed site has been carefully planned so as to maximize the distance form resource areas. The stormwater management system has been designed in accordance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Regulations to provide pretreatment of the stormwater prior to discharge to the resource areas.

2.0 Spill Prevention Plan

No hazardous materials other than normal and household cleaning items are expected to be stored on site after the construction period has ended (refer to the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for details pertaining to spill prevention during construction).

It is expected that normal DEP notification procedures would be triggered for major spills such as heating oil or propane and natural gas leaks.

3.0 Stormwater System O&M

A Stormwater Operation & Maintenance plan has been prepared for the proposed stormwater management system. Refer to this document for details pertaining to the required inspections, routine maintenance and operation details including erosion stabilization.

4.0 Fertilizers, herbicides and pesticides

The application of fertilizer, herbicides and pesticides shall be performed in a manner consistent with the industry standards for the application.

No application of chemicals is to be performed within the stormwater management areas on the site.

5.0 Snow/Salt Management

5.1 Snow Plowing

It is expected that the site will be plowed by a local contractor on a contract basis. Snow storage will be away from wetland resource areas to the maximum extent feasible and practical.

5.2 Salt/Sand Usage

It is expected that sanding and salting will be performed on an "as needed" basis during times when unusually icy conditions persist for periods of time.

5.3 Driveway Sweeping

The Stormwater Operation & Maintenance Plan calls for the driveway to be swept in the fall and spring annually.

6.0 Waste Management

6.1 Septic Systems

It is the responsibility of each homeowner to operate and maintain their individual septic system in a manner consistent with current standards. This includes routine pumping of the septic tanks and periodic inspection of the pumping systems.

The septic systems have been designed in accordance with Title V regulations, and therefore will provide adequate protection against potential pollution.

